

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Phthalic anhydride

Panjin Read Chemical Co., Ltd.

I According to GHS (Sixth Revised Edition)

SDS

Section 1 Product and Company Identification

> Product Identifier

Product Name	Phthalic anhydride
Synonyms	-
CAS No.	85-44-9
EC No.	201-607-5
Molecular Formula	C8H4O3

> Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Relevant Identified Uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses Advised Against	Please consult manufacturer.

> Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Applicant Name	Panjin Read Chemical Co., Ltd.
Application Address	Industrial Zone, Panjin City, Liaoning Province, China
Applicant Post Code	124010
Applicant Telephone	+86-427-3219400
Applicant Fax	+86-427-3219409
Applicant E-mail	929680179@qq.com
Manufacturer Name	Panjin Read Chemical Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address	Industrial Zone, Panjin City, Liaoning Province, China
Manufacturer Post Code	124010
Manufacturer Telephone	+86-427-3219400
Manufacturer Fax	+86-427-3219409
Manufacturer E-mail	929680179@qq.com

> Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Phone Number	+86-427-3219409
------------------------	-----------------

Section 2 Hazards Identification

Hazard class and label elements of the product according to GHS (the sixth revised edition):

> GHS Hazard Class

Acute Toxicity – Oral	Category 4
-----------------------	------------

Phthalic anhydride

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Sensitization – Skin	Category 1
Eye Damage/Irritation	Category 1
Sensitization – Respiratory	Category 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3

> GHS Label Elements

Pictogram

Signal Word

> Hazard Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

> Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Response

P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor, if you feel unwell.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor, if you feel unwell.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISONCENTER/doctor.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Section 3 Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	Concentration (weight percent, %)	CAS No.	EC No.
Phthalic anhydride	> 99.94	85-44-9	201-607-5
Maleicanhydride	< 0.01	108-31-6	203-571-6
ASH	< 0.05		

Section 4 First Aid Measures

> Description of First Aid Measures

General Advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Skin Contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of First-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

> Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

- 1 Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

> Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures

> Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, alcohol-resistant foam.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter or spread fire.

> Specific Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

- 1 Containers may explode when heated.
- 2 Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves.
- 3 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

> Advice for Firefighters

- 1 As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

> Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Section 6 Accidental Release Measure

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.
- 2 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
- 3 Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist, gas or dust.

> Environmental Precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

> Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

- 1 Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 2 Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.
- 3 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Section 7 Handling and Storage

> Precautions for Handling

- 1 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
- 5 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

> Precautions for Storage

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Section 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

> Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Component	Country/Region	Limit Value - Eight Hours		Limit Value - Short Term	
		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	USA - OSHA	2	12	-	-
	South Korea	1	6	-	-
	Ireland	-	4	-	12
	France	-	-	-	6
	Denmark	-	1	-	2
	Australia	1	6.1	-	-

Phthalic anhydride

Biological Limit Values

No information available

Monitoring Methods

- 1 EN 14042 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.
- 2 GBZ/T 160.1~GBZ/T 160.81-2004 Determination of toxic substances in workplace air (Series standard) .

> Engineering Controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

> Personal Protection Equipment

Eye Protection	Tightly fitting safety goggles (approved by EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).
Hand Protection	Wear protective gloves (such as butyl rubber) , passing the tests according to EN 374(EU),US F739 or AS/NZS 2161.1 standard.
Respiratory protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges.
Skin and Body Protection	Wear fire/flare resistant/retardant clothing and antistatic boots.

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: White flaky solid	Odor: No information available
Odor Threshold: No information available	pH: No information available
Melting Point/Freezing Point (°C): No information available	Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range (°C): > 35
Flash Point (°C)(Closed Cup): Not applicable	Evaporation Rate: Not applicable
Flammability: No information available	Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]: Upper limit : No information available ; Lower limit : No information available
Vapor Pressure (MPa): Not applicable	Relative Vapour Density(Air = 1): Not applicable
Relative Density(Water=1): No information available	Solubility: No information available
n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No information available	Auto-Ignition Temperature(°C): No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°C): No information available	Kinematic Viscosity (mm ² /s): Not applicable
Particle characteristics: No information available	

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical Stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	Reacts with alkaline metals, alkaline earth metals, ammonia, ammonium ion, methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, lower aliphatic amines, pyridine or quinoline, decomposes and releases heat.

Phthalic anhydride

Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible Materials	Alkaline metals, alkaline earth metals, ammonia, ammonium ion, methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, lower aliphatic amines, pyridine or quinoline, alcohols and oxidants.
Hazardous Decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

> Acute Toxicity

Component	CAS No.	LD ₅₀ (Oral)	LD ₅₀ (Dermal)	LC ₅₀ (Inhalation, 4h)
Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	1530mg/kg(Rat)	> 10000mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available

> Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes skin irritation(Category 2)

> Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye damage(Category 1)

> Skin Sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction(Category 1)

> Respiratory Sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled(Category 1)

> Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No information available

> Carcinogenicity

ID	CAS No.	Component	IARC	NTP
1	85-44-9	Phthalic anhydride	Not Listed	Not Listed

> Reproductive Toxicity

No information available

> Reproductive Toxicity (Additional)

No information available

> STOT-Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation(Category 3)

> STOT-Repeated Exposure

No information available

> Aspiration Hazard

No information available

Section 12 Ecological Information

> Acute Aquatic Toxicity

Component	CAS No.	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae
Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	LC ₅₀ : >99mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 71mg/L (48h)	ErC ₅₀ : 41.4mg/L (96h)

> Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

Component	CAS No.	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae
Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	No information available	NOEC : 16mg/L	NOEC : 32mg/L

> Others

Persistence and Degradability	No information available
Bioaccumulative Potential	No information available
Mobility in Soil	No information available
Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment	Phthalic anhydride does not meet the criteria for PBT and vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, annex XIII.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Waste Chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated Packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal Recommendations	Refer to section 13.1 and 13.2.

Section 14 Transport Information

Transporting Label	Not applicable
UN Number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	NOT REGULATED BY IMO/IMDG
Transport Hazard Class	None
Transport Subsidiary Hazard Class	None
Packing Group	-

> International Chemical Inventory

Section 15 Regulatory Information

Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	IECSC	NZIoC	PICCS	KECI	AICS	ENCS
Phthalic anhydride	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

【EINECS】 European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

【TSCA】 United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

【DSL】 Canadian Domestic Substances List.

【IECSC】 China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.

【NZIoC】 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

【PICCS】 Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.

【KECI】 Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances.

【AICS】 Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances.

【ENCS】 Existing And New Chemical Substances.

Note

"✓" Indicates that the substance included in the regulations

"x" That no data or included in the regulations

Section 16 Additional Information

Creation Date 2020/5/11

Revision Date 2020/5/11

Reason for Revision

> Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to UN GHS (the 6th revised edition). The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user' s reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.