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## Material Safety Data Sheet

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**Version 4.0**

**Revision Date: 01/03/2020**

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### 1. Product and company identification

**Product Name :** Dibasic Ester (MDBE-T100)

**Company :** Yuanli Chemical Group Co.,Ltd.

**Add:** Zhuliu Industrial Park, Changle County, Weifang City, Shandong Province,China

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### 2. Composition/information on ingredients

Common chemical name : Dibasic ester(DBE)/High boiling point solvent

Composition:	Material	Cas No.	%
	Dimethyl Succinate	Cas No.: 106-65-0	15-25
	Dimethyl Glutarate	Cas No.: 1119-40-0	55-65
	Dimethyl Adipate	Cas No.: 627-93-0	10-25

### 3. Hazards identification

#### Potential Health Effects

May irritate skin,eyes,nose and throat. May cause blurry vision.

#### Human health Effects:

Skin contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash.Eye contact may cause eye irritation with discomfort,tearing,or blurring of vision.Inhalation may cause irritation of the upper respiratory passages,with coughing and discomfort.Some individuals who have been overexposed by inhalation or skin contact experienced blurry vision.

#### The mechanism of blurred vision in humans is unknown.

Based on observed effects from animal studies,we believe that some symptoms of pre-existing eye disease could be aggravated by overexposure to this material.

#### Carcinogenicity Information

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC,NTP,OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

## 4. First aid measures

### Inhalation

If inhaled,immediately remove to fresh air.If not breathing,give artificial respiration.if breathing is difficult,give oxygen.Call a physician.

### Skin contact

Flush skin with water after contact.Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

In case of contact,immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.Call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed,do not induce vomiting.Immediately give 2 glassed of water.Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.Call a physician.

### Notes to Physicians

Activated charcoal mixture may be beneficial.Suspend 50 g activated charcoal in 400 ml water and mix well.Administer 5 ml/kg ,or 350ml for an average adult.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Flammable properties

Flash Point : 100 °C (212 °F)

Method : TCC

Flammable limits in air,% by volume

LEL : 0.9

UEL :8.0

Autoignition :370 °C (698 °F)

Actual autoignition temperature (AIT) can be affected by the concentration of vapors and oxygen,vapor/air contact time,presure,volume,catalytic impurities,etc.Process conditions should be analyzed to determine if the AIT's may be higher or lower.

Vapor forms explosive mixture with air.hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are carbon monoxide.

### Extinguishing Media

Water Spray, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>.

### Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire.Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.Wear full protective equipment.Cool tank/container with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Safeguards (personnel)

NOTE: Review fire fighting measures and handling (personnel)

Sections before proceeding with clean-up.Use appropriate personal protective equipment during clean-up.

**Initial Containment**

Remove source of heat,sparks,flame,impact,friction or electricity.Dike spill.Prevent material from entering sewers,waterways,or low areas.

**Spill clean up**

Recover free liquid for reuse or reclamation.Recover undamaged and minimally contaminated material for reuse and reclamation.Soak up with sawdust,sand,oil dry or other absorbent material.

**7. Handling and storage****Handling (Personnel)**

Avoid breathing vapors or mist.Avoid contact with eyes,skin,or clothing.Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage**

Do not mix with strong oxidants,acids,or alkalies.Store in a well ventilated place.Keep container tightly closed.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Engineering Controls**

Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits.

**Personal Protective Equipment****Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses.Wear coverall chemical splash goggles when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to splashing or spraying material.

**Respirator**

A NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited.Use a NIOSH approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release.exposure levels are not known,or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Protective Clothing**

Wear impervious clothing,such as gloves,apron,boots,or whole bodysuit as appropriate.

Recommended glove and clothing material:Butyl Rubber.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Physical Data**

Boiling Point: 195-230 °C

Vapor Pressure: 0.2 mm Hg @20 °C (68 °F)

Melting Point: ~-20 °C (~-4 °F)

% Volatiles: 100 WT% @ 20 °C (68 °F)  
Evaporation Rate: <0.1 (Butyl Acetate=1.0)  
Solubility in water: 5.3 WT % @ 20 °C (68 °F)  
Odor: Sweet  
Odor Threshold: 0.1ppm 100% detection  
0.01 ppm 50% detection  
Form: Liquid  
Color: Colorless  
Specific Gravity: 1.076-1.096 @ 20 °C (68°F)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Chemical Stability

Stable, Incompatibility with Other Materials  
Incompatible or can react with strong oxidizers, acids, alkalies.

### Decomposition

Decomposes with heat.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Animal Data

Inhalation 4-hour LC50: >11 mg/L in rats  
Inhalation 1-hour LC50: >10.7 mg/L in rats  
Skin absorption LD50 : >2,250 mg/kg in rabbits  
Oral LD50: 8,191 mg/kg in rats

The mixture is a mild to severe skin irritant and a moderate eye irritant, but is not a skin sensitizer in animals. Toxic effects described in animals from exposure by inhalation include upper respiratory tract irritation. A single 4-hour exposure to 60 ppm caused transient corneal opacity and transient increases in the distance from the cornea to the anterior surface of the lens of the eye. Toxicity described in animals from repeated exposure by inhalation include decreased weight gain, absolute and relative liver weight decrease, and degeneration of olfactory epithelium (nasal tissue).

Toxicity described in animals from repeated exposure by ingestion include weight loss, but there were no pathological abnormalities noted.

A single application of 10 ul to the eye caused corneal opacity. The administration of 10-100 ul of a similar mixture caused corneal opacity, transient increases in corneal thickness, and transient corneal anesthesia. A single application of approximately 60 mg/kg to the skin caused transient increases in the distance from the cornea to the anterior surface of the lens of the eye.

The mixture does not produce genetic damage in animals, or in bacterial cell cultures, but it was positive

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in one study with cultures, but it was positive in one study with cultured mammalian cells. Animal testing indicates that this mixture does not have developmental, or reproductive effects.

## 12. Ecological information

### AQUATIC TOXICITY

96 hour LC50 - Fathead minnows: 18-24 mg/L.

48 hour LC50 - Daphnia magna: 112-150 mg/L.

Moderately toxic.

### Biodegradation Information:

The DIBASI ESTER components, dimethyl succinate, dimethyl glutarate, and dimethyl adipate were tested for biodegradability using the 28-day closed bottle test. A minimum of 60% biodegradation must be reached in a 14 day window after exceeding the 10% level in order to pass this test and be rated as readily biodegradable. All of the components of DBE pass this test and, therefore, DIBASIC ESTER is considered readily biodegradable.

Dimethyl Succinate - 67% biodegradability in day 7

Dimethyl Glutarate - 70% biodegradability in day 7

Dimethyl Adipate -58% biodegradability in day 7

Dibasic Ester - 84% biodegradability in day 14

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Waste Disposal

Treatment, storage, transportation and disposal must be in accordance with applicable Federal, State/provincial and local regulations.

Recover unusable free liquid and dispose into either an approved and permitted incinerator or approved and permitted biological treatment system.

Recover any Dibasic Ester contaminated water and dispose of into an approved and permitted biological treatment system.

Do not flush any water or solids into surface water drains or sanitary sewer system..

Remove unusable solid material or contaminated soil for disposal into an approved and permitted landfill.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT (US)

Not regulated

### IMDG

Not regulated by IMDG/IMO

### IATA

Not regulated



## **YUANLI CHEMICAL GROUP CO.,LTD.**

Zhuliu Industrial Park, Changle County, Weifang City, Shandong Province,China

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### **15. Regulatory information**

U.S.Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory Status : Reported/Included.

TITLE III HAZARD CLASSIFICATION SECTIONS 311,312

Acute: Yes

Chronic: No

Fire: No

Reactivity: No

Pressure: No

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL LISTS

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substance: No

CERCLA Hazardous Substance: No

SARA Toxic Chemical: No

Canadian Regulations

CLASS D Division 2 Subdivision B-Toxic Material. Skin or Eye Irritant.

### **16. Other information**

#### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Yuanli Chemical Group Co.,Ltd. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.